

STATE OF WISCONSIN,  
ROCK COUNTY CIRCUIT COURT.

**THE 134 DAY OF MARCH NEXT,**  
at o'clock in the forenoon, the following described  
estate situate in the city of Jackson, in the  
county of Wilcox, Mississippi, to-wit: A certain dis-  
trict or lot number four (4) in Willard's subdivision  
number one (1) of Mitchell's addition to Jane  
Mileg twenty-two (22) feet on Milwaukee street  
and one hundred and ten (110) feet in depth, ac-  
cording to the recorded plat of said subdivision, or so much

H. N. COMSTOCK, Deft.,

LIND MERRILL, Plt's Atty. do113m  
**CIRCUIT COURT—ROCK COUNTY.**  
 In H Knowlton, Mica S Pritchard and A J Jackson  
 against John H Tracy, administrator of A A Jackson  
 and J Wood, deceased, Elizabeth Wood, Kate L  
 Wood, Emily J Wood, Abiel M Wood, Lydia L Min-  
 erva and J Bellows and George Estely.  
 Marriage and by virtue of a Judgment of for-  
 feiture and sale rendered in the above cause, on  
 the 4th day of December, A D 1862, in said court,  
 and at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the  
 room in the city of Janesville, in said county,  
**THE 11th DAY OF APRIL, A D 1863,**  
 at about 12 o'clock P.M. all of that certain piece or parcel  
 of land, situate, lying and being in the city of Janesville,  
 in the county of Rock and state of Wisconsin,

shown as lot number two (2) in block number four in Rockport, in said city of Jannville.

[illegible]

d Pleasant street twenty-two feet, thence north parallel with River street across said lot eight and one-half feet on '61 corner in said addition, thence

to the place of beginning.—*Dated December*  
*N. J., M. PUTNAM,*  
*Sheriff of Rock county.*

ROCK COUNTY, TOWN OF JOHNSTON, SS.  
 I hereby certify Cunningham:

I am fully notified that a warrant of attachment was issued against you and your property to satisfy the demand of Horace Cusick, amounting to forty-seven dollars, now due him by you, which said warrant, if fulfilled, will attach all your personal property, real estate, and all monies due or owing to you, as well as all other property, and all such property shall be sold at public sale on the fifth day of February, A D 1862, at 10 o'clock in the afternoon, judgment will be done thereon, and the proceeds thereof will be paid to the creditor of the said debt on the fifth day of January, A D 1862.

HORACE CUSICK vs. M. Putnam  
 Plaintiff

CIRCUIT COURT FOR ROCK COUNTY.

P. K. Whitton, plaintiff, against Stephen O'Spaulding & others, defendants.

In testimony whereof, a judgment of foreclosure and sale rendered in the above entitled case, has been duly filed in my office, on the 27th day of January, 1862, in said court.

A Lawrence, a referee specially appointed by the court for such purpose, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the front door of the Hook Co.

[illegible]

John Dixon, Richard Eddy, Caroline J McArthur, Elinda Johnson, Hiram Johnson, Henry G McArthur, Mary Elizabeth Johnson, Edward J. McArthur.

[illegible]

side of said road to the center of the east and west line on the center of section twenty-six, thence along the center of said road to land then owned by Chas.

[illegible]

Plaintiff's Attorneys.

**SUPERIOR COURT FOR ROCK COUNTY.**

State of Wisconsin to William S Murray, County Clerk,  
Murray, Catha W Howe, Mary E Henson and John  
Minister, defendants.

Whereas, the undersigned do hereby certify the contents of the foregoing and true copy of the same, as the same were filed in the office of the clerk of the circuit court of the county of Jefferson, Wisconsin, on the 15th day of January, 1893, of which a true and correct copy of the same was served upon the undersigned and hereunto attested upon the 15th day of January, 1893, of which a true and correct copy of the same was served upon the undersigned, within ninety days after the date of the filing of the complaint aforesaid, the points made in the foregoing copy of your statement are hereby certified to be true and correct.

Witness my hand and the seal of said court at the City of Madison, Wisconsin, January 15th, 1893.

JOHN F. HAWES,  
Circuit Court Clerk.

JOHN F. HAWES,  
Plaintiff's Attorney.

CIRCUIT COURT, ROCK COUNTY.  
And H. Mummer age Edward L Dimock age  
attendants and by virtue of a judgment of the  
court and also rendered in the above entitled  
cause.

well, at public auction, to the highest bidder,

**THURSDAY DAY OF APRIL, 1863.**  
On or about the 1st day of April, 1863, the following described real estate, to-wit: all that tract of land situated in the town of Janesville and in the county of Rock, State of Wisconsin, and containing more or less than the north half of lot one bounded by the south line of the lot of Emily and Steno's addition to the city of Janesville, according to the recorded plat and plat of said lot, and the same being more particularly described and the expense of said sale—**NOTED** and  
H. G. DAVIS, Referee.  
JAMES M. PATTES, and  
B. BAILEY, Auctioneers.

**Sheriff's Sale.**  
**CIRCUIT COURT, ROCK COUNTY.**  
I, Murray, clerk Eugene P. Kendall, — vs —  
J. Hall, his wife, and Thomas Tuttle.  
In pursuance and by virtue of a Judgment of the Circuit Court of Rock County, Wisconsin, in the above entitled action, on the 6th day of January, 1863, of said plaintiff and against said defendants, the following described real estate, to-wit: all that tract of land situated in the town of Janesville and in the county of Rock, State of Wisconsin, and containing more or less than the north half of lot one bounded by the south line of the lot of Emily and Steno's addition to the city of Janesville, according to the recorded plat and plat of said lot, and the same being more particularly described and the expense of said sale—**NOTED** and  
H. G. DAVIS, Referee.  
JAMES M. PATTES, and  
B. BAILEY, Auctioneers.

THE 31st DAY of MARCH, 1863,

o'clock A M of that day, the following described premises, to wit: all those tracts or parcels of land, situated and being in the city of Beloit, Beloit and state of Wisconsin, and known and known and known as follows, to-wit: No. three (3) and the southeast corner of lot four (4) of Block A, situated in the city of Beloit (formerly village) of Beloit, according to the plat of the same. - Dated December 27th, 1862.

E. J. M. PUTNAM,  
 Sheriff of Beloit County,  
 Plaintiff's Attorney. C5743m

Instructions for Field Artillery  
 state. [au3d1f] O. J. DEARBORN

















Forever float that standard sheet— Where breathes the foe but falls before us? With Freedom's soil beneath our feet, And Freedom's banner streaming o'er us!

Upward. Gold, to-day, in New York went up to a high figure, \$153 1/2. Well, we do not see that the world has stopped moving on that account. We have known wheat \$1.60 per bushel, but no one was alarmed, or came to any harm in consequence. Gold is a commodity in the market, the same as wheat. It is dear now, because it is scarce. Greenbacks are the American standard, and not gold, which is no more the standard than wheat, corn or pork, since it fell into the hands of speculators.

More Changes in the Army of the Potomac. Gens. Sumner and Franklin have retired from the command of the right and left grand divisions of the army of the Potomac. It is said that Gen. Couch takes the place of Sumner and Gen. Smith that of Franklin. It is not known who takes the place of Hooker in the command of the grand division of the center.

ALL RIGHT.—It is stated that the war department has sent out arms and officers perfectly willing to enlist, drill and put into action all blacks who may rally at the new rendezvous at Brunswick, Ga. It is right and proper that as the African race is to be made free by the rebellion they should take part in the war which is to liberate them. All colored men who are fit for service should be armed without delay, and placed in the field. There is no sense in placing white men between the rebels and their slaves who desire to strike for freedom, and there is no good reason why our sons and brothers should be put in the post of danger, while the negro is kept back out of danger.

Who desires peace? Is it those who would divide the north in the struggle against its traitors? Certainly not. Divided and we enter a long, bloody civil war, ending not in this generation. Those who are for a united and vigorous effort against treason, are the true friends of peace.

What does all the howling of the copperheads against the President's proclamation mean? It has just this significance and nothing more—the preservation of slavery is of more consequence than the Union. The President has decided that he cannot save both—the copperheads answer, let us, then, preserve human bondage and let the nation be destroyed. Such is the unenviable position of the enemies of the government.

SPEAKER OF THE NEW YORK ASSEMBLY.—Mr. Callicot, the gentleman just elected speaker of the New York assembly is a war demagogue, from Brooklyn. He was the nominee of the republicans. The New York roughs and rowdies of the Wood stripe have been on hand threatening to spill blood should he be elected. We shall soon know whether they carry out their revolutionary programme.

REBEL RESPONSE TO A NORTHERN SYMPATHIZER.—The Memphis Appeal (rebel) of the 14th contains all of Dick Merrick's celebrated speech before the Inevitable Club of Chicago, Dec. 11th. The last edition of the Appeal speaks of the harangue in the following exalted terms: "We devote a large portion of our space to-day to the publication of one of the ablest conservative speeches that has yet been made public in our northern exchanges. Public sentiment has forced Lincoln's administration to cease its persecution upon citizens and free speech. It is inspiring in its denunciations of the tyrant. An idea of the spirit that animates the conservatives north may be gathered from Mr. Merrick's speech, for which we invite an attentive perusal."

The Cincinnati Enquirer—intense copperhead—commends the election of James W. Wall as United States senator from New Jersey, for the following reason: "Col. Wall was one of the first victims thrown into the administration's hands in New York by Simon Cameron. He is an able, bold, and eloquent man, and has been opposed to the war from the start. He is just the man for senator. The administration throw him into a battle—the people make him senator."

Recall that this Wall was "opposed to the war" long before the President's proclamation was issued, and consequently his "constitutional scruples" had not been disturbed by that measure.

THE ALABAMA.—The Liverpool Journal of Commerce says: "We are enabled to state, on the best authority, that Captain Semmes intends to sail immediately for the East Indies. The contemplated change of cruising ground, on the part of the Alabama, has been [known for some time by] initiated, and is only carrying out Semmes' original programme."

THE 109TH ILLINOIS REGIMENT. A DISLOYAL PLOT DETECTED. The Regiment Disarmed and Under Arrest. FRIDAY EVENING, JAN. 16, 1863. Our readers have heard strange stories about a mutiny in the 109th Illinois regiment; of its being disarmed and officers and men placed under arrest, after first being deprived of their arms. Yesterday we published Gen. Grant's order disarming the regiment and placing the men under arrest for disloyalty and treasonable indications, except company K, which remained steadfast and true to the flag. The lieutenant colonel, it is reported, deserted and went over to the rebels some time before the regiment was arrested.

We learn the following additional particulars of this deeply disgraceful affair from an officer of an Illinois regiment at Holly Springs, Miss., dated Jan. 3d. The insurrection of the mutiny caused the late arrival of the letter. It says: "You will doubtless hear from other sources of the disgraceful and disloyal behavior of one of our Illinois regiments. We Illinois soldiers feel mortified and chagrined beyond expression, that any soldiers from the glorious Prairie state should turn traitors to the Union and its flag in the face of the rebel enemy. But so it is; there is at least one black sheep in the flock. But the plot was discovered in time to nip it before it was carried into execution."

The 109th regiment was raised, if I mistake not, in Williamson and Johnson counties, and was believed to be full of Knights of the Golden Circle. It was notoriously pro-slavery—all except one company, made up of republicans and war democrats. A vague suspicion pervaded the minds of many officers and soldiers of other regiments, that the 109th would not do to "tie to" in an emergency; that it was not "sound corn," still, for a time there was nothing remarkably bad in their behavior. The most suspicious circumstance, was the fraternizing and popularity of the officers and men with the seceding natives—women as well as men. It did not escape observation and remark that the officers spent much of their time in swearing at the abolitionists, catching and returning contrabands of rebels that came within our lines, and talking about "the constitutional rights of our southern brethren, that were being violated by the Lincoln government." Whenever men talk in that way, it is a sure, unfailing sign that they are half rebels themselves, and care but little for the preservation of the Union.

Things went along in this way until it was discovered that one or more of the officers and a number of the men had deserted to the rebels, taking their arms along with them. Gen. Grant was desirous of knowing to what extent the regiment was rotten, and he was accordingly furnished with the desired information. A few days ago a Lieutenant of the famous 7th Kansas cavalry who is about as "sharp" as any cavalry "ten" dressed up in the garb of a rebel officer, and went into country at night some eight or ten miles from Holly Springs, and "layed off" on the "butternut" natives that he was a captain of the rebel army out on a scout, and for other purposes. He quickly gained the confidence of a rebel family—though the old man of the house was reticent at first, he was soon convinced that the Captain was "all right on the go," and swore by Jeff Davis, when the old fellow unbentured his soul and made the following revelations: The 109th was then stationed at Waterford, eight miles south of Holly Springs. The officers and men had told the natives that they were tired of the war, and did not want to see the South whipped, but wished the seceded States to get their independence; that they desired to be taken prisoners, and would surrender at the first opportunity; that they entered the army because they thought they could best serve their seceding friends by joining the army, and when the time came, desert and take their arms with them. They assured the natives that they were all true southern men except Company K, which was made up of "black republicans" and "abolitionized Democrats." The regiment, with the exception of said company, had concerted measures with the seceding citizens of Pontotoc county to attack them some morning, as to give them an opportunity to surrender with all their arms and munitions. The old fellow said that a band of sixty of the neighbors had already organized for the purpose, and the "attack" will speedily be made, and the post surrendered. It was expected that Company K would show fight, but it was arranged to rush upon them suddenly, and before they could have time to fall into line.

The Lieutenant could hardly credit the story told him by the old seceder and his wife and daughter. He seemed to the officer hardly credible that he could tell all he had said on making tests to verify it. He required the same information from five different families, residing in different neighborhoods, within a circuit of half a day's ride.

One of the planters told some of our men recently that a Capt. of the 109th Illinois had offered \$200 to any man who could bring him two companies of guerrillas, to attack them; as they all wanted to surrender except Co. K, which contained sixty—d—d Abolitionists, but they could easily be overpowered and taken prisoners!

This and other information was laid before Gen. Grant. The result was the issuing the following order: HEADQUARTERS 109TH ILLINOIS REGIMENT, DEPARTMENT OF THE TENNESSEE, HOLLY SPRINGS, MISS., JAN. 15, 1863. SPECIAL ORDERS NO. 55.—It is hereby ordered that the 109th Illinois Infantry be disbanded, and all members of the regiment, including volunteers, be placed in the neighborhood of their camp to surrender and obtain paroles from, is hereby placed in arrest.

The regiment will be disbanded by the commander of the brigade to which the regiment is temporarily attached, and the arms and ammunition of the regiment turned over to the Ordnance officer, Lieut. Carter, to be disposed of as may hereafter be ordered.

Officers and men will be confined within camp limits until otherwise ordered. The conduct of company K, of said regiment, being in honorable contrast to the balance of the regiment, is exempt from the effect of the above order, and will be placed on duty with the brigade to which said regiment is attached.

By command of Maj. Gen. U. S. Grant, J. A. RAWLINS, Assistant Adjutant General. The regiment is now placed where it can do no harm, and its arms are saved from falling into the hands of the enemy.

I recollect of hearing reports—that when this regiment left Jonesboro to join the army, that many of the men cheered for Jeff Davis and the southern confederacy as the cars moved off. The feeling of disgust and anger among the loyal regiments is intense, and if the soldiers were allowed to hold a court martial on these recreants, if found guilty of the charges, they would order out every tenth man to be shot, and send the others to the penitentiary during the continuance of the war. Yours truly, J. A. RAWLINS.

THE WHOLE DOMESTIC DRY GOODS MARKET has been active and excited of late, and prices of cotton goods have taken a larger per cent. advance than in any other week during the past twelve months. The cost of producing cotton goods is constantly increasing, by reason of the advancing values and scarcity of cotton, and with exceedingly light stocks on the market, manufacturers are not at all disposed to sell unless goods will bring a fair valuation. Since the close of the last autumn's trade, prices of goods remained stationary until the last week of December, on account of the light wants of the jobbing trade, and as cotton kept advancing, goods were below cost of production. Now, with spring near at hand, goods are advancing nearer to their true value. The activity this week was chiefly produced by the rapidly advancing price of gold, which induced holders of depreciating paper money to invest in something of non-depreciating character.

DOMESTIC MANUFACTURES.—Both cotton and woolen goods have been very active this week, in anticipation of higher prices. Several kinds of cottons are advanced 24c per yard, and are going upward. Stocks per variety, both of cotton and woolen goods. Staple, plain woolen goods, and dressings, under \$1, are higher, and heavy shagwens have been the best speculation during the last thirty days that we know of in the country. Christmas week they were offered at 25c, but now are held by first hands at 35c-37 1/2c, and are expected to go to 45c. This makes an advance of nearly 50 per cent, which is much greater than the advance in gold, or any other commodity.

BROWN SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS.—The market has been very active and excited the past week, and prices have advanced 1/2c per yard, and are still tending higher. Standard heavy sheetings closed this evening at 35c net shirting; medium, 34c; light, 33c; heavy shirting, 27c; light, 26c. It is ascertained that the stock of heavy sheetings is not over 3,000 bales, and none are being made. On low grades there is a moderate production.

SHEETS AND SHIRTINGS.—Sales have been very large, though not so heavy as on brown goods, the market has been very excited, and prices are advanced about 10 per cent. The largest demand is, as heretofore, for low and medium grades. Hill goods are 2c, New York Mills 6c higher; Wamsutta and Williamson unchanged. Hill close at 25c and 27c; New York Mills 35c; Wamsutta 30c; Williamson 30c, net cash. Fine grades of goods, that is styles about 25c, are below cost of production, and are really much cheaper than lower grades. None of this description are making, while low grades are being made quite freely.

DETERMINES.—Quotations are advanced to 32 1/2c, but the market is not lively, and outside lots could be bought below the quoted price. It is said that agents in Boston are asking 35c. Sales have been made here at 29 1/2c, and 31 1/2c have been offered to-day.

DETERMINES.—The market has been active, and prices are 5/8c higher. Amoskeag are all sold out, except the "Manchester" ticket, and but a few bales of these are left. York are 47 1/2c, Oxford 35c, Mount Vernon 40. A good demand and higher prices are expected during the spring.

TICKS.—Ticks have advanced this week in the same proportions as denims. Amoskeag are all sold out. York are quoted at 47 1/2c-52 1/2c. In low grades there is considerable worthless trash, like what we have described in previous remarks.

PRODUCE.—Wheat is advanced 3/8c per yard. The production is light, only about 20 per cent. as much as usual.

COTTONS.—Have participated in the general speculative movement. York City's goods that a few weeks ago were 40c, are now 50c. Stocks are exceedingly light and production small. The York City's stock is but 400 cases, whereas it used to be nearer 8,000.

FARMERS' AND MECHANICS' CASHMERE.—Comparatively none of these goods are in first hands, but some of the jobbers have stocks at 60c. At this price they are really the cheapest article in the market for men's wear.

PRINTS.—The market has been active and excited, and prices have advanced on some other makes of goods nearly every day in the week. Sprague started at 21c on Monday, were advanced to 22c on Tuesday, were withdrawn at 22c yesterday, advanced to 23c this morning, and sold so freely to-day at 23c that they were withdrawn at 23c before night. Allen's and Manchester are 20c; Pacifics 23c, but tending to 21c. The Merrimack Co. are still selling old styles at 23c, net cash, but expect 25c, net, for new styles when legitimate spring trade opens. The Cobeco Co. are only offering old dark styles at 22c, net, and will have only 250 cases of spring goods altogether, to place in the different markets. Hoyle's English purple prints this week have sold at 32 1/2c. The spring styles of Duane's prints are open but not for sale.

PRINTED LAWS.—The Pacific laws are opened at 18c for 120lbs, and 20c for 100lb.

CRASHES.—The market has been active in this line of goods the past week. Stevens' crashes have met with lively sales, even at the last advanced prices. The prospect now is that these goods will be still higher in a few days. The advance during the past two weeks has been 4c per yard.

LATEST FROM ROSECRANS' ARMY.—A gentleman just arrived from Rosecrans' army, which he left on the 21st inst., informs us that the army is in good condition and about ready for further operations. It is not known when another forward movement will be made, but since the question of supplies has been settled by the continued rise of the Cumberland river, the opinion was quite general among the officers that an advance upon Tullahoma would take place very soon.

The health of the troops generally has greatly improved, and a remarkable degree of good spirits is manifest in all the camps. Many of the wounded in the recent battles are rapidly recovering, and returning to their regiments.

Our informant assures us that intense indignation exists throughout the army against the politicians at the north who are trying to get up divisions and disaffection at home. The universal sentiment among the soldiers is that if they are called home before this seceding rebellion is put down, they will be in honor bound to "clean out" the northern rebel sympathizers, against whom there is the most bitter feeling among the troops.—Chicago Journal.

THE TENNESSEE WISCONSIN.—Dr. Cary, surgeon of the 12th Wisconsin, is in town to-day, having returned for a time to recruit his health seriously impaired by a protracted typhoid fever last fall and by subsequent exposure. He left the regiment at Holly Springs on the 9th inst. Col. Bryant and all the officers were in good health except Lieut. Col. Poole, who was taken worse after his return to camp, but was again improving, and Lieut. Cantwell, who was ill of a fever. The general health of the regiment was excellent. On the first day of January, the regiment numbered officers and men 934. On the 9th, the morning report showed only six men sick, three in hospital and three in quarters. There are few regiments that have been in the active service a year that can make as good a showing as this.—Madison Journal.

REPORTED FOR THE DAILY GAZETTE. BY WISCONSIN STATE TELEGRAPH LINE. Official Union Passenger Depot. Last Night's Report. WASHINGTON, Jan. 25. Special to Chicago Tribune.—Gen. Cameron emphatically denies the statement published in a Harrisburg paper, by a member of the Pennsylvania legislature, that Cameron had offered him \$20,000 for his vote for U. S. Senator.

The general belief is that the whole story was fabricated by Democrats, as an absolute necessity to apologize for their monstrous crime of overruling in the legislature by the importation of Philadelphia rowdies.

Recent advices from England represent that the secret of the rebel government's having decided to recall Mason and Slidell, is a fact that these gentlemen have recently received information that they had better retire to avoid being notified that they could not much longer remain near English and French courts in the capacity of commissioners from the rebel confederacy.

It is believed that the English government is coming to grief in the Alabama business.

The French government is uneasy lest its mediation movement should be considered as placing it too much in antagonism to this country. It is understood to be remonstrating with England about permitting the Alabama to be fitted out in her ports, and representing that she must be held responsible for the damage done by the pirate. With France thus on our side in this matter, it is believed that little need be apprehended from Geo. Sander's steamer.

Gen. Cameron declines to return to Russia, so there is again an opening for some other cabinet minister to be exiled from his country for his country's good.

The general drift of the speeches at the Covington banquet on Saturday night, by Senators Sherman and Fremont, Secretary Usher, Gen. Cameron and others, was that the only road to peace is through war, and a war carried on by the republican party, the democracy having sold itself to the copperheads.

Secretary Usher said that the proclamation must be maintained and enforced.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 25. The steamer Vanderbilt sails from Port Monroe to-morrow to tow the iron clad Warhawk south. The Vanderbilt has a full supply of coal for a cruise after the Alabama.

NEW YORK, Jan. 25. Advices from New Orleans state that on Thursday afternoon, January 8th, there was a rumor at New Orleans that the Winona, one of our gunboats, had been sunk by the south battery at Port Hudson. It is also reported that Stonewall Jackson with 40,000 men had reinforced Vicksburg. There was nothing from Galveston up to noon of the 8th.

NEW YORK, Jan. 25. Herald's Washington dispatch states that information has been received that the rise in the Mississippi has flowed through the canal cut by Gen. Butler opposite the city. HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, JANUARY 24th, 1863. Sabbath has been observed throughout the camps. Nothing of unusual character has been observed within the enemy's lines within the last four days.

NASHVILLE, Jan. 25. Forrest, Stevens and Wheeler were at Franklin, Tenn., yesterday, with 6,000 cavalry.

The rebels attacked the bridge guards on the Chattanooga railroad 10 miles from this city, to-day, but were repulsed with two killed and several wounded. One of our men was killed.

A list of boats at Clarksville numbers 22 with three gunboats, with large mail on board. It rained all day yesterday and last night and the river has risen six inches.

SALT LAKE CITY, Jan. 25. An expedition of cavalry and infantry with two howitzers in command of Col. Connor started north to chastise the Indians. Six hundred Snakes are entrenched at Bear River, with rifle pits 200 miles north and have recently been murdering Beaver Head miners and bidding defiance to the soldiers.

NEW YORK, Jan. 25. The gunboat Saxon from New Orleans the 10th, passed Key West the 17th, has arrived. New Orleans papers contain no news whatever. It was reported at Key West on the 17th that the pirate Alabama was off Havana and had sent a boat ashore.

NEW YORK, Jan. 25. The steamer British Queen from Havana 17th via Nassau 20th has arrived.

The Bahama Herald, of the 17th, announces the arrival of the British warsteamer Galatia from Bermuda, and Spiteful from Havana, and says it is reported from a highly credible source that the commander of the Galatia had received positive orders to take Admiral Wilkes when and wherever found, and convey him to Bermuda where he will be detained till further orders from England.

The British ship Vesuvius took a million and a half of specie from Mobile for England.

The steamers Anna Childs and Flora had, arrived at Nassau from England, probably to run the blockade.

The steamer Nina had arrived from Georgetown with cotton.

NEW YORK, Jan. 25. The steamer Ariel from Aspinwall, 15th, arrived this morning with 400,000 dollars in specie. She was conveyed by the gunboat Connecticut.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 21. The recent report of the underwriters shows that the losses to shipping engaged in the foreign and coastwise trade with California during the past year, were \$6,000,000—an extraordinary excess over former years.

The legislature of Washington territory have passed an act punishing persons refusing to receive legal tender notes at par by a fine of \$500 and imprisonment for six months.

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The legislature of Washington territory have passed an act punishing persons refusing to receive legal tender notes at par by a fine of \$500 and imprisonment for six months.

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The general belief is that the whole story was fabricated by Democrats, as an absolute necessity to apologize for their monstrous crime of overruling in the legislature by the importation of Philadelphia rowdies.

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The general drift of the speeches at the Covington banquet on Saturday night, by Senators Sherman and Fremont, Secretary Usher, Gen. Cameron and others, was that the only road to peace is through war, and a war carried on by the republican party, the democracy having sold itself to the copperheads.

Secretary Usher said that the proclamation must be maintained and enforced.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 25. The steamer Vanderbilt sails from Port Monroe to-morrow to tow the iron clad Warhawk south. The Vanderbilt has a full supply of coal for a cruise after the Alabama.

NEW YORK, Jan. 25. Advices from New Orleans state that on Thursday afternoon, January 8th, there was a rumor at New Orleans that the Winona, one of our gunboats, had been sunk by the south battery at Port Hudson. It is also reported that Stonewall Jackson with 40,000 men had reinforced Vicksburg. There was nothing from Galveston up to noon of the 8th.

NEW YORK, Jan. 25. Herald's Washington dispatch states that information has been received that the rise in the Mississippi has flowed through the canal cut by Gen. Butler opposite the city. HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, JANUARY 24th, 1863. Sabbath has been observed throughout the camps. Nothing of unusual character has been observed within the enemy's lines within the last four days.

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tion on the 25 day of December, A. D. 1862, Comstock, a redifed day appointed for said public auction, will sell at public auction, on the said day, at the city of Janesville, in said county, **THE 13th DAY OF MARCH NEXT** at ten o'clock in the forenoon, the following real estate situate in the city of Janesville, county and state of Wisconsin, and known and gathered as lot number one (1) of the addition of lot number one (1) of Mitchell's addition, being twenty-two (22) feet on Milwaukee and one hundred and ten (110) feet in depth to the south line of said lot, and the same is to be sold as shall be necessary to make the sum of five hundred and thirty dollars (\$530.00) by virtue of said judgment—**H. M. COMSTOCK, 1362.**

Witness my hand and seal of office, this 13th day of March, A. D. 1863.

Attest: **Wm. P. HARRIS,**  
County Clerk.

[illegible][illegible]

following described real estate, to W. R. C. &  
 parcel of lots No. 1 and 2, in the village of  
 and county of Wisconsin, described as  
 meeting at a point on the north line  
 street twenty-two feet eastward from the  
 corner of lot No. 1, to the north line of  
 in the village of Janesville, thence easting along  
 said line twenty-two feet, to the north  
 line of River street, across said street  
 twenty-two feet, to the north line of  
 parcelly paralleled with said line, across  
 feet to the east line of land sold to Henry  
 southerly along said line, and said line  
 to the place of legal record, to-wit:  
 30th, 1862.  
 D. 33047  
 S. J. M. E.  
 Sheriff of  
 ROCK COUNTY, TOWN OF JOHNS-  
 To Marshall Cunningham:

**YOU** are hereby notified that a warrant has been issued for your arrest by the sheriff attached to satisfy the demand of the Birmingham, amounting to forty-seven dollars, unless you shall appear before W. A. Pickens, the peace officer, on the 6th day of February, A. D. 1934, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, judgment against you and your property sold to satisfy the said demand of the Birmingham.

**HORACE CUNNINGHAM**  
JUDGE

**CIRCUIT COURT FOR HOCK**  
Kenry K. Whitton, Jlf., and Stephen C. Whitton, Jlf.

N pursuance and by virtue of a judgment rendered in the case of A. Clouet vs. sale rendered in the case of A. Clouet vs. on the 20th day of January, 1934, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, judgment against you and your property sold to satisfy the said demand of the Birmingham.

ment of fore-  
ever entitled  
navor in favor  
to defendants  
at public  
ville, in said  
1968.

to wit—Nog-  
els (8) in Lot-  
if Belld, or so  
may be sold,  
the parties in-  
M. Sheriff  
Kee Co. Wis.  
dcd \$m

MURT.  
Ducker, Daniel  
Bruckley and  
segment of fore-  
ment.

[illegible]

COCK, Referee, ed:24393

**COUNT.**

of, Anna M Allen, Daniel Jorgelski, Volney Atwood,

of the center of said road to land the  
W Lawrence, thence north twenty eight  
by C M Jells, thence west twenty eight  
to the center of T. 12 N. 36 E. 12 S.,  
center of Tavle Creek to the place  
forming three hundred and eleven  
more or less, excepting thereon a  
of the center of T. 12 N. 36 E. 12 S.,  
and also the west half of the south  
town twenty-eight, in township 12  
fourteen east and also forty  
of the center of T. 12 N. 36 E. 12 S.,  
number two north, of said range no  
scribed as follows, to wit: commence  
(12) at east of the northwest corner of  
the northeast corner of the northeast  
one hundred and fifteen rods to a  
73° west sixty-two rods and 8 feet

[illegible]

are named defendants required to answer the writ which is issued by the county, on the day of which a copy of which is furnished to the subscribers at their homes after the service. On the day of such service, the writ is read in public in the action demanded in the JACKSON, Tenn., Jan. 15, 1896.

out of the circuit to the goods and chattels of Benjamin F. Sloan, who had on the 16th thereof, of 1893, in which I shall state the steps taken by me in Wisconsin, in the year 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1904, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913, 1914, 1915, 1916, 1917, 1918, 1919, 1920, 1921, 1922, 1923, 1924, 1925, 1926, 1927, 1928, 1929, 1930, 1931, 1932, 1933, 1934, 1935, 1936, 1937, 1938, 1939, 1940, 1941, 1942, 1943, 1944, 1945, 1946, 1947, 1948, 1949, 1950, 1951, 1952, 1953, 1954, 1955, 1956, 1957, 1958, 1959, 1960, 1961, 1962, 1963, 1964, 1965, 1966, 1967, 1968, 1969, 1970, 1971, 1972, 1973, 1974, 1975, 1976, 1977, 1978, 1979, 1980, 1981, 1982, 1983, 1984, 1985, 1986, 1987, 1988, 1989, 1990, 1991, 1992, 1993, 1994, 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246, 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2257, 2258, 2259, 2260, 2261, 2262, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2280, 2281, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2304, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313, 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321, 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2348, 2349, 2350, 2351, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391, 2392, 2393, 2394, 2395, 2396, 2397, 2398, 2399, 2400, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2406, 2407, 2408, 2409, 2410, 2411, 2412, 2413, 2414, 2415, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2419, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2424, 2425, 2426, 2427, 2428, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2433, 2434, 2435, 2436, 2437, 2438, 2439, 2440, 2441, 2442, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2446, 2447, 2448, 2449, 2450, 2451, 2452, 2453, 2454, 2455, 2456, 2457, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2475, 2476, 2477, 2478, 2479, 2480, 2481, 2482, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496, 2497, 2498, 2499, 2500, 2501, 2502, 2503, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, 2517, 2518, 2519, 2520, 2521, 2522, 2523, 2524, 2525, 2526, 2527, 2528, 2529, 2530, 2531, 2532, 2533, 2534, 2535, 2536, 2537, 2538, 2539, 2540, 2541, 2542, 2543, 2544, 2545, 2546, 2547, 2548, 2549, 2550, 2551, 2552, 2553, 2554, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2562, 2563, 2564, 2565, 2566,

**IN COUNTY.**  
and F. C. Out-  
of the County of  
B. Mat-  
required to answer  
this action, which  
and credit cor-  
in, on the 25th day  
this copy is herewith  
in this action, which  
together, at his office  
any days after the  
of any such service,  
and to the County of  
is a motion will take  
of one hundred and  
of the County of

of seven per cent  
February, one thou-  
besides the cost.

MERRILL,  
Jagoville, Wis.

Instructions for Fie  
Foreale. [au284tr]